Potential for Changes in Adjoining Land Use: High; offices, commercial centers and residential areas are spreading over the entire adjoining area.

# **Species Records:**

Sciurus carolinensis (94-02-08/s)
Castor canadensis (94-02-08/s)
Ochrotomys mutalli (94-02-08/s)
Procyon lotor (94-02-08/t)
Lutra canadensis (94-02-08/s)
Odocoileus virginianus (94-02-08/s)
Ardea herodias (94-02-08/s)
Buteo jamaicensis (94-02-08/o)
Melanerpes erythrocephalus
(94-02-08/o)

Melanerpes carolinus (94-02-08/o)
Picoides pubescens (94-02-08/o)
Colaptes auratus (94-02-08/o)
Sayornis phoebe (94-02-08/o)
Parus carolinensis (94-02-08/o)
Parus bicolor (94-02-08/o)
Sitta carolinensis (94-02-08/o)
Thryothorus ludovicianus (94-02-08/o)
Regulus satrapa (94-02-08/o)
Regulus calendula (94-02-08/o)

Catharus guttatus (94-02-08/o)
Dendroica coronata (94-02-08/o)
Cardinalis cardinalis (94-02-08/o)
Ambystoma opacum (94-02-08/l)
Pseudacris triseriata (94-02-08/o)
Pseudacris crucifer (94-02-08/o)
Miniotilta varia (PULL)

### **Additional Survey Needs:**

This area was not surveyed during the avian nesting season. An effort should be made to document the effects of the winter flooding on year-round residents of the bottomlands, particularly species such as barred owl, red-shouldered hawk, wild turkey and bobcat, all of which may have their foraging or movement opportunities limited by the flooding. The presence or absence also needs to be determined for species such as the Kentucky warbler that need dense herbaceous cover for nesting during the summer.

### III. AQUATIC HABITATS

#### **NHP Element Species:**

None recorded

### Regionally Rare Species:

Centrarchus macropterus Enneacanthus gloriosus Etheostoma fusiforme

## **Indicator Guilds:**

Water-quality Sensitive
Species:
Luxilus albeolus
Notropis procne

WO Tolerant Species: Anguilla rostrata Gambusia affinis holbrooki Invading Species: None recorded